

## Solution 1.18

A resistance heater is used to heat water to desired temperature. The amount of electric energy used in kWh and kJ are to be determined.

**Analysis** The resistance heater consumes electric energy at a rate of 4 kW or 4 kJ/s. Then the total amount of electric energy used in 3 hours becomes

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total energy} &= (\text{Energy per unit time})(\text{Time interval}) \\ &= (4 \text{ kW})(3 \text{ h}) \\ &= \mathbf{12 \text{ kWh}}\end{aligned}$$

Noting that  $1 \text{ kWh} = (1 \text{ kJ/s})(3600 \text{ s}) = 3600 \text{ kJ}$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total energy} &= (12 \text{ kWh})(3600 \text{ kJ/kWh}) \\ &= \mathbf{43,200 \text{ kJ}}\end{aligned}$$

**Discussion** Note kW is a unit for power whereas kWh is a unit for energy.